

兔抗 HADH 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 HADH 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-HADH rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase; HAD; HCDH; HHF4; HADH1; SCHAD; HADHSC; MSCHAD

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：HADH

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

This gene is a member of the 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase gene family. The encoded protein functions in the mitochondrial matrix to catalyze the oxidation of straight-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoAs as part of the beta-oxidation pathway. Its enzymatic activity is highest with medium-chain-length fatty acids. Mutations in this gene cause one form of familial hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia. The human genome contains a related pseudogene of this gene on chromosome 15.

Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	HADH
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human HADH
Full name:	hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase
Synonyms:	HAD; HCDH; HHF4; HADH1; SCHAD; HADHSC; MSCHAD
SwissProt:	Q16836
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer and Human tonsil
IHC Recommend dilution:	20-100
WB Predicted band size:	34 kDa
WB Positive control:	Jurkat, 293T and HepG2 cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



