

兔抗 SPATA17 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 SPATA17 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-SPATA17 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: IQCH, MSRG11, MSRG-11, RP11-144C20.1

抗原: SPATA17

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

宿 主: Rabbit

相关类别: 一抗

反应种属: Human

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Spata17 gene, which called MSRG11, by digital differ ential display of ESTs found only in testis. The deduc ed 292-amino acid protein was considered to be a member of the family of calmodulin (CaM)-binding p roteins because it contained 3 short CaM-binding m otifs containing conserved ile and gln residues (IQ m otif). Spata17 protein was most abundant in the cyto plasm of round spermatids and elongating spermatid s within seminiferous tubules of the adult testis. Expr ession gradually decreased in the manipulated testis of animals that underwent experimental unilateral cry ptorchidism. Transient transfection experiments with a Spata17 expression construct in cultured spermatogo nia GC-1 cells indicated that Spata17 accelerated apo ptosis in a dose-dependent manner.



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Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	SPATA17
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human SPATA17
Full name:	spermatogenesis associated 17
Synonyms:	IQCH, MSRG11, MSRG-11, RP11-144C20.1
SwissProt:	Q96L03
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-5000
IHC positive control:	Human ovarian cancer and human cervical cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	10-50
WB Predicted band size:	43 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human liver cancer tissue
WB Recommended dilution:	200-1000





