

兔抗 TBCB 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 TBCB 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-TBCB rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：tubulin folding cofactor B; CG22; CKAP1; CKAPI

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：TBCB

反应种属：Human, Mouse

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	Microtubules, the primary component of the cytoskeletal network, are highly dynamic structures composed of α / β Tubulin heterodimers. Biosynthesis of functional microtubules involve the participation of several chaperones, termed Tubulin folding cofactors A (TBCA), B (TBCB), D (TBCE), E (TBCE) and C (TBCC), that act on folding intermediates downstream of the cytosolic chaperon, alternatively named TCP. TBCB (tubulin folding cofactor B), also known as CG22, CKAP1 or CKAPI, is a 244 amino acid cytoplasmic protein containing one CAP-Gly domain and is widely expressed. TBCB is involved in the regulation of tubulin heterodimer dissociation and may function as a negative regulator of axonal growth.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	TBCB

Immunogen:	Full length fusion protein
Full name:	tubulin folding cofactor B
Synonyms:	CG22; CKAP1; CKAPI
SwissProt:	Q99426
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human gastric cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	20-100
WB Predicted band size:	27 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human cerebrum tissue lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



