

兔抗 H2BC11 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 H2BC11 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-H2BC11 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：H2B clustered histone 11; H2BJ; H2B/r; H2BFR; HIST

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：H2BC11

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone
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	H2B family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the histone microcluster on chromosome 6p21.33. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	H2BC11
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human H2BC11
Full name:	H2B clustered histone 11
Synonyms:	H2BJ; H2B/r; H2BFR; HIST1H2BJ
SwissProt:	P06899
IHC positive control:	Human thyroid cancer and Human tonsil
IHC Recommend dilution:	25-100





