

兔抗 Gabra3 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称：兔抗 Gabra3 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称：Anti-Gabra3 rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 相关类别：一抗
- 储 存：冷冻（-20℃）避光
- 宿 主：Rabbit
- 抗 原：Gabra3
- 反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat
- 标 记 物：Unconjugate
- 克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

GABA (γ -aminobutyric acid) is the primary inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system and interacts with three different receptors: GABA(A), GABA(B) and GABA(C) receptor. The ionotropic GABA(A) and GABA(C) receptors are ligand-gated ion channels that produce fast inhibitory synaptic transmission. In contrast, the metabotropic GABA(B) receptor is coupled to G proteins that modulate slow inhibitory synaptic transmission. Functional GABA(B) receptors form heterodimers of GABA(B)R1 and GABA(B)R2 where GABA(B)R1 binds the ligand and GABA(B)R2 is the primary G protein contact site. Two isoforms of GABA(B)R1 have been cloned: GABA(B)R1a is a 130 kD protein and GABA(B)R1b is a 95 kD protein. G proteins subsequently inhibit adenylyl cyclase activity and modulate inositol phospholipid hydrolysis. GABA(B) receptors have both pre- and postsynaptic inhibitions: presynaptic GABA(B) receptors inhibit neu

	rotransmitter release through suppression of high threshold calcium channels, while postsynaptic GABA(B) receptors inhibit through coupled activation of inwardly rectifying potassium channels. In addition to synaptic inhibition, GABA(B) receptors may also be involved in hippocampal long-term potentiation, slow wave sleep and muscle relaxation.
Applications:	WB
Name of antibody:	Gabra3
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of Rat Gabra3
Full name:	gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor, alpha 3
SwissProt:	P20236
WB Predicted band size:	55 kDa
WB Positive control:	Rat brain, mouse brain tissue and C6 cells
WB Recommended dilution:	500-1000

