

CSNK2A2 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: CSNK2A2 抗原(重组蛋白)

英文名称: CSNK2A2 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别 名: casein kinase 2 alpha 2; CK2A2; CSNK2A1; CK2alpha'

储存: 冷冻(-20℃)

相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 151-350 amino acids of human CSNK2A2

技术规格

Full name:	casein kinase 2 alpha 2
Synonyms:	CK2A2; CSNK2A1; CK2alpha'
Swissprot:	P19784
Gene Accession:	BC008812
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	Catalytic subunit of a constitutively active serine/threonine-protein ki nase complex that phosphorylates a large number of substrates con taining acidic residues C-terminal to the phosphorylated serine or th reonine. Regulates numerous cellular processes, such as cell cycle pr ogression, apoptosis and transcription, as well as viral infection. May act as a regulatory node which integrates and coordinates numerou s signals leading to an appropriate cellular response. During mitosis, functions as a component of the p53/TP53-dependent spindle asse mbly checkpoint (SAC) that maintains cyclin-B-CDK1 activity and G2 arrest in response to spindle damage. Also required for p53/TP53-m



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ediated apoptosis, phosphorylating 'Ser-392' of p53/TP53 following UV irradiation. Can also negatively regulate apoptosis. Phosphorylate s the caspases CASP9 and CASP2 and the apoptotic regulator NOL3 . Phosphorylation protects CASP9 from cleavage and activation by C ASP8, and inhibits the dimerization of CASP2 and activation of CAS P8. Regulates transcription by direct phosphorylation of RNA polym erases I, II, III and IV. Also phosphorylates and regulates numerous t ranscription factors including NF-kappa-B, STAT1, CREB1, IRF1, IRF2, ATF1, SRF, MAX, JUN, FOS, MYC and MYB. Phosphorylates Hsp90 an d its co-chaperones FKBP4 and CDC37, which is essential for chaper one function. Regulates Wnt signaling by phosphorylating CTNNB1 and the transcription factor LEF1. Acts as an ectokinase that phosph orylates several extracellular proteins. During viral infection, phosphor ylates various proteins involved in the viral life cycles of EBV, HSV, HBV, HCV, HIV, CMV and HPV.