

## MNA 抗原（重组蛋白）

中文名称： MNA 抗原（重组蛋白）

英文名称： MNA Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别 名： FPL; IDC; LFP; CDDC; EMD2; FPLD; HGPS; LDP1; LMN1; LMNC; PRO1; CDCD1; CMD1A; FPLD2; LMNL1; CMT2B1; LGMD1B

储 存： 冷冻（-20℃）

相关类别： 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to C terminal 300 amino acids of human LMNA
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技术规格

<b>Full name:</b>	lamin A/C
<b>Synonyms:</b>	FPL; IDC; LFP; CDDC; EMD2; FPLD; HGPS; LDP1; LMN1; LMNC; PRO1; CDCD1; CMD1A; FPLD2; LMNL1; CMT2B1; LGMD1B
<b>Swissprot:</b>	P02545
<b>Gene Accession:</b>	BC000511
<b>Purity:</b>	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
<b>Expression system:</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Tags:</b>	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
<b>Background:</b>	The nuclear lamina consists of a two-dimensional matrix of proteins located next to the inner nuclear membrane. The lamin family of proteins make up the matrix and are highly conserved in evolution. During mitosis, the lamina matrix is reversibly disassembled as the lamin proteins are phosphorylated. Lamin proteins are thought to be involved in nuclear stability, chromatin structure and gene expression. Vertebrate lamins consist of two types, A and B. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

