

## ACP6 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: ACP6 抗原(重组蛋白)

英文名称: ACP6 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别 名: acid phosphatase 6, lysophosphatidic; LPAP; ACPL1; PACPL1

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to C terminal 157 amino acids of human ACP6

## 技术规格

Full name:	acid phosphatase 6, lysophosphatidic
Synonyms:	LPAP; ACPL1; PACPL1
Swissprot:	Q9NPH0
Gene Accession:	BC034686
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	Lysophosphatidic acid phosphatase type 6 (ACP6), also designated acid phosphatase-like protein 1 (ACPL1) or lysophosphatidic acid p hosphatase (LPAP), is a 428 amino acid secreted protein that hydro lyzes lysophosphatidic acid to monoacylglycerol. ACP6 is highly exp ressed in kidney, heart, small intestine, muscle, liver, prostate, testis , ovary and exists as two isoforms as a result of alternative splicin



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g events. The gene encoding ACP6 maps to human chromosome 1, the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the L MNA gene of human chromosome 1, which encodes lamin A. Stick ler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease, familial adenomatous p olyposis and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers i ncluding head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.