

## UBAP2L 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: UBAP2L 抗原(重组蛋白)

英文名称: UBAP2L Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别 名: ubiquitin associated protein 2-like; NICE-4

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

相关类别: 抗原

## 概述

Fusion protein corresponding to C terminal 200 amino acids of human UBAP2L

## 技术规格

Full name:	ubiquitin associated protein 2-like
Synonyms:	NICE-4
Swissprot:	Q14157
Gene Accession:	BC003170
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	UBAP2L, also known as NICE4, is a protein that is ubiquitously exp ressed. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, NICE4 contains one UB A domain and is expressed as 4 isoforms produced by alternative splicing events. The gene that encodes NICE4 maps to human chr omosome 1. Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome sp anning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and d considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the



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LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA ge ne product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nu clear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear a nd is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is locate d on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adeno matous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease a nd Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1.